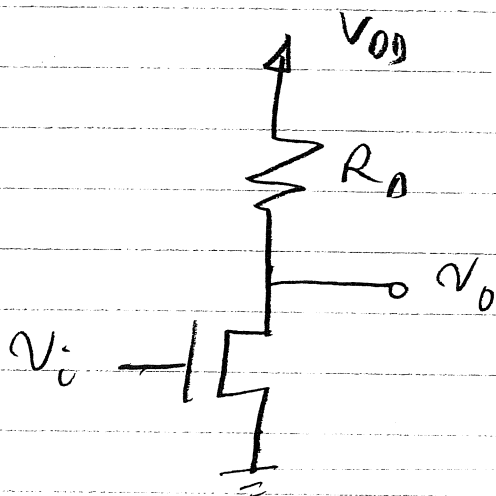


# LAB 1

(1-1)



1) SMALL SIGNAL GAIN  $A_v = -g_m R_D$  (1)

$$g_m = \frac{2I_D}{V_{OV}} \quad (2)$$

FOR MAX SWING

$$V_{D-MAX} = V_{DD}$$

$$V_{D-MIN} = V_{OV}$$

← THIS IS AN APPROXIMATION (DEPENDS ON GAIN)

SO BIAS  $V_D$  AT MIDDLE OF  $V_{D-MAX}$  &  $V_{D-MIN}$

$$V_D = \frac{V_{DD} + V_{OV}}{2} \quad (3)$$

Also

$$V_D = V_{DD} - I_D R_D \quad (4)$$

COMBINE (3) & (4)

$$R_D = \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OV}}{2I_D} \quad (5)$$

PUT (5) & (2) INTO (1)

$$A_v = \left( \frac{-2I_D}{V_{OV}} \right) \left( \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OV}}{2I_D} \right) = - \left( \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OV}}{V_{OV}} \right)$$

$$A_v = - \left( \frac{V_{DD} - V_{OV}}{V_{OV}} \right) \quad (6)$$

2) FOR FIRST 2 LINES OF TABLE 1

1) CALCULATE  $V_{OV} = \sqrt{(2I_D) / (\mu_n C_{ox} \frac{W}{L})}$

2) CALCULATE  $g_m$  USING (2)

3) CALCULATE  $R_D$  USING (5)

4) CALCULATE  $A_v$  USING (1) OR (6)

5) CALCULATE  $V_D$  USING (4)  
 $\uparrow$   
 $(V_D \text{ BIAS})$

2) FOR SWING =  $0.2 V_{PP}$

↓ GIVEN  $I_D$ , TO MAX GAIN SHOULD MAXIMIZE  $R_D$

TO MAX  $R_D$  SET  $V_D$  AS LOW AS POSSIBLE SUCH THAT TRANSISTOR STAYS ACTIVE

$$V_{D-MIN} = V_{OV}$$

$$V_{D-PP} = 0.2V \text{ SO SET}$$

$$V_D = V_{D-MIN} + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) V_{D-PP}$$

$$V_D = V_{OV} + 0.1$$

SOLVE FOR REST OF PARAMETERS.